







Government of India Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (Issued by the State Environment Impact Assessment Authority(SEIAA), UTTAR PRADESH)

To,

The -1

MAX ESTATES 128 PRIVATE LIMITED

Max Towers, 1. Dr. Jha Marg, Okhla, New Delhi, South Delhi, India-110020 -110020

Subject: Grant of Environmental Clearance (EC) to the proposed Project Activity under the provision of EIA Notification 2006-regarding

Sir/Madam.

This is in reference to your application for Environmental Clearance (EC) in respect of project submitted to the SEIAA vide proposal number SIA/UP/INFRA2/429013/2023 dated 13 May 2023. The particulars of the environmental clearance granted to the project are as below.

1. EC Identification No.

2. File No.

3. **Project Type**

4. Category

Project/Activity including 5. Schedule No.

6. Name of Project EC23B038UP185828

7888

New

В

8(a) Building and Construction projects

of proposed Group housing project located at Plot No. TS-02, Jaypee Greens, Wish Town, Sector – 128, Noida, Carton Buddha Nagar, Uttar Pradesh, **Environmental Clearance for Construction** 201304 of M/s Max Estates 128 Private

Limited

7. Name of Company/Organization MAX ESTATES 128 PRIVATE LIMITED

UTTAR PRADESH 8. **Location of Project**

9. **TOR Date** N/A

The project details along with terms and conditions are appended herewith from page no 2 onwards.

Date: 30/11/2023

(e-signed) Ajay Kumar Sharma Member Secretary SEIAA - (UTTAR PRAĎESH)

Note: A valid environmental clearance shall be one that has EC identification number & E-Sign generated from PARIVESH.Please quote identification number in all future correspondence.

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State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority, Uttar Pradesh



Directorate of Environment, U.P.

Vineet Khand-1, Gomti Nagar, Lucknow- 226010 E-Mail- doeuplko@yahoo.com, seiaaup@yahoo.com Phone no- 0522-2300541

Reference- MoEFCC Proposal no- SIA/UP/INFRA2/429013/2023 & SEIAA, U.P. & File no-7888

Sub: Environmental Clearance for Group Housing Project at Plot No. TS-02 Jaypee Greens, Wish Town, Sector 128, Noida, District- Gautam Buddha Nagar, U.P., M/s Max Estate 128 Private Limited.

Dear Sir,

This is with reference to your application / letter dated 13-05-2023, 12-06-2023, 25-08-2023 on above mentioned subject. The matter was considered by 764th SEAC in meeting held on 14-06-2023 and 761th SEIAA meeting held on 30-09-2023.

A presentation was made by the project proponent along with their consultant M/s Paramarsh Servicing Environment & Development to SEAC on 14-06-2023.

Project Details Informed by the Project Proponent and their Consultant

The project proponent, through the documents and presentation gave following details about their project –

1. The environmental clearance is sought for Group Housing Project at Plot No. TS-02 Jaypee Greens, Wish Town, Sector 128, Noida, District- Gautam Buddha Nagar, U.P., M/s Max Estate 128 Private Limited.

2. Salient features of the project as submitted by the project proponent:

Type of project	Item 8 (a), Category B (Building and Construction Project) As per the		
Z\ /\	Schedule appended to the EIA Notification, 2006.		
Nature of project	Group Housing and Commercial Development		
Size of project	Plot area as per record –40468.5 sqm		
3	Total Built-up Area – 121044.34 sqm		
(3)	Tower 1 (G+37 Floors)		
1	Tower 2 (G+37 Floors)		
	Tower 3 (G+37 Floors		
Location of project	Plot No. TS-02 Jaypee Greens, Wish Town, Sector 128, Noida, GB		
	Nagar , UP		
Geographical Extent	Latitude: 28°31'40.02"N, Longitude: 77°21'42.05"E. Maximum		
	elevation above MSL -221 m		
Land Use	The total plot area of the proposed group housing is 40468.5 sq.m,		
	and is categorized as RESIDENTIAL LAND USE as per the Noida		
	Master Plan, 2021 of Noida Development Authority .		

Land Acquisition details	The total project area is 40468.56 sqm and it is already owned by		
	the Company.		
Approval by Town Planning	All the building plans approved by New Okhla Industria		
Authority	Development Authority dated 08.05.2023.		
Cost of the project	551.70crores		
Water Requirement	Fresh water demand – 162KLD		
	Flushing water demand – 38KLD		
	Total water requirement - 257KLD		
o Waste Water	112 KLD		
STP Capacity	200 KLD		
 Treated water 	95 KLD		
 Source of water 	Municipal Water Supply, Noida Jal Board		
Rain water harvesting pits	09 no of rain water harvesting (RWH) pits proposed for effective		
(RWH pits)	recharge of rain water.		
Power Requirement	7890 kW		
	Paschimanchal Vidyut Vitran Nigam Ltd.		
Backup Power	Backup DG sets: 4500 kVA (3 DG sets of 1500 KVA each)		
Parking Details			
Total Nos. of Parking Required	829ECS		
Total Car parking Provided	838ECS		
Man-power Requirement	40 nos		
Solid Waste Details			
Total Solid Waste Generation	840.2 kg/day		
Landscape Waste	61kg/day		
(@0.0036/sqm/day)	tecaric clas 15		
E-waste (0.15 kg/C/Yr.)	203.55		
Management opted for	Organic waste convertor technology adopted for bio-degradable		
organic waste	waste management.		
Green area Details			
Total proposed Green Area	16731.0sqm		
Req. No of Trees	332		
Proposed No. of Trees	333		

3. Area details of the project:

S. No.	PARTICULARS	F.A.R.	AREA	
1	TOTAL PLOT AREA		40468.5	sqM
Α	PERMISSIBLE FAR			
A1	PERMISSIBLE FAR	1.5		
A2	PERMISSIBLE FAR AREA (40469 x 1.5)		60702.75	SQM
А3	GREEN BUILDING FAR (5%)	0.075	3035.14	SQM
A4	TOTAL PERMISSIBLE FAR		63737.89	SQM
A4.1	MAX. PERMISSIBLE FAR FOR GROUP HOUSING (99% OF A4)		63100.51	SQM
A4.2	MAX. PERMISSIBLE FAR FOR COMMERCIAL (1% OF A4)		607.03	SQM
В	PROPOSED FAR			T
B1	F.A.R. PRPOSED FOR GROUP HOUSING		62593.28	SQM
B2	F.A.R. PRPOSED FOR COMMERCIAL		598.59	SQM
B3	TOTAL PROPOSED FAR		63191.87	SQM
С	SERVICE FAR			
C1	PERMISSIBLE 15% OF PRESCRIBED FAR AREA (A4)	15%	9560.68	SQM
C2	PROPOSED FOR 15% OF PRESCRIBED FAR AREA		9536.10	SQM
D	GROUND COVERAGE			
D1	PERMISSIBLE GROUND COVERAGE AREA (AS PER MA	35%	14163.98	SQM
D2	PROPOSED GROUND COVERAGE AREA	18%	7183.25	SQM
E	DENSITY			T
E1	PERMISSIBLE DENSITY (500 PER HECTARE)	7 3	500	PPHA
E2	MAX. PERMISSIBLE POPULATION		2023	NOS.
E3	NO. OF PROPOSED DWELLING UNITS		201	NOS.
E4	POPULATION IN PROPOSED DWELLING UNITS (E3 x 4	4.5	905	PERSON
E5	NO. OF PROPOSED STAFF UNITS	5	201	NOS.
E6	POPULATION IN PROPOSED STAFF UNITS (E5 x 2.25)	2.25	452	PERSON
E7	TOTAL POPULATION (E4+E6)		1357	PERSON
E8	POPULATION DENSITY		335.26	PPHA
F	LANDSCAPED AREA			
F1	OPEN AREA = PLOT AREA- PROPOSED GROUND CVERA	\GE	33285.25	SQM
F2	LANDSCAPED AREA REQUIRED = MIN 50% OF OPEN A	50%	16642.63	SQM
F3	PROPOSED LANDSCAPED AREA	50.3%	16731	SQM
F4	NO. OF TREES REQUIRED= 1 TREE PER 100 SQM OF OR		333	NOS.
F5	PROPOSED TREES		333	NOS.
F6	PROPOSED EVERGREEN TREE = 50% OF PROPOSED TR	EE	167	NOS.
G	BUILT-UP AREA			
G1	PROPOSED FAR AREA		63191.87	sqM
G2	PROPOSED FAR AREA PROPOSED SERVICE FAR (15% OF PRESCRIBED FAR AR	EAL		SQM
G2 G3	NON FAR AREA	(EA)	9536.098 48316.38	SQM
G3 G4	TOTAL BUILTUP AREA (FAR+SERVICES+NON FAR+ BAS	ENJENT)	121044.34	SQM
<u>G4</u> H	PROPOSED TOTAL BASEMENT-1 AREA	LIVIEIVI)	27765.07	SQM

4. Break up of land area:

4. Break up of fand area:			
Total Land Area	40468.5 m ² (10.0 Acre)		
F.A.R	Permissible FAR		
	Base FAR: 60702.75 m ² @1.5		
	Green FAR (5%): 3035.14 m ²		
6	Total Permissible FAR: 63737.89 m ² (1.575)		
	Proposed FAR: 63191.87 m ² (1.56)		
Service FAR	Permissible Service FAR (15%): 9560.68 m ²		
2.	Service FAR Achieved (14.96%) : 9536.10m ²		
Non-FAR	48316.376 m ²		
Built-up Area	Proposed FAR area : 63191.87 m ²		
(FAR & Non-FAR)	Service FAR Achieved: 9536.10 m ²		
	Non-FAR : 48316.376 m ²		
	Total Built-up Area: 121044.340 m ²		
Ground coverage	Permissible: 14163.98 m ² (Max. 35 % of plot area)		
	Proposed: 7183.25 m ² (18 % of plot area)		
Green Area	16731 m ² (50.3% of open area)		
	333 numbers of tree proposed to be planted		
Parking area	22117.56m ²		
Service Area	9536.12 m ²		
Maximum height	136.65 m(G+37)		
Number of floors	Tower 1 (G+37 Floors)		
	Tower 2 (G+37Floors)		
	Tower 3 (G+37 Floors)		

5. The project proposal falls under Category 'B'; Schedule 8(a) of EIA Notifications, 2006 (as emended thereof).

Based on the recommendations of the State Level Expert Appraisal Committee Meeting (SEAC) held on 14-06-2023 the State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) in its Meeting held 30-09-2023 discussed the matter and recommended grant of environmental clearance on the proposal as above alongwith specific and following standard environmental clearance conditions:

Additional Conditions:

- 1. The project proponent shall submit within the next 1 month no of dwelling units.
- 2. The project proponent shall submit within the next 3 months the details of solar power plant and solar electrification details within the project.
- 3. The project proponent shall ensure to plant broad leaf trees and their maintenance. The CPCB guidelines in this regard shall be followed.
- 4. The project proponent shall submit within the next 3 months the details on quantification of year wise CER activities along with cost and other details. CER activities must not be less 2% of the project cost. The CER activities should be related to mitigation of Environmental Pollution and awareness for the same.
- 5. The project proponent shall submit within the next 3 months the details of estimated construction waste generated during the construction period and its management plan.
- 6. The project proponent shall submit within the next 3 months the details of segregation plan of MSW.
- 7. The project proponent shall ensure that waste water is properly treated in STP and maximum amount should be reused for gardening flushing system and washing etc. For reuse of water for irrigation sprinkler and drip irrigation system shall be installed and maintained for proper function. Part of the treated sewage, if discharged to sewer line, shall meet the prescribed standards for the discharge.
- 8. Under any circumstances untreated sewage shall not be discharged to municipal sewer line.
- 9. The project proponent will ensure that proper dust control arrangements are made during construction and proper display board is installed at the site to inform the public the steps taken to control air pollution as per air act 1981 (as amended) and the Construction and Demolition Waste Management Rules, CAQM guidelines.
- 10. The project proponent shall install micro solar power plants.
- 11. The project proponent shall install micro solar power plants, toilets in nearby villages, public place or school from CER fund of the project for which E.C is granted in addition to and water harvesting pits and carbon sequestration parks / designed ecosystems.
- 12. A certificate from Forest Department shall be obtained that no forest land is involved and if forest land is involved the project proponent shall obtain forest clearance and permission of Central and State Government as per the provisions of Forest (conservation) Act, 1980 and submit before the start of work. If the proposed project is situated in notified area of ground water extraction, where creation of new wells for ground water extraction is not allowed, requirement of fresh water shall be met from alternate water sources other than ground water or legally valid source and permission from the competent authority shall be obtained to use it.
- 13. Provision for charging of electric vehicles as per the guidelines of GoI / GoUP should be submitted within the next 3 months.
- 14. PP should display EC granted to them on their website. 6-monthly compliance report should be displayed on their website and to be given every six month to residents / occupants of the building.

- 15. EC is granted with the condition that EC is valid only for the building plan which has been submitted by PP for seeking EC. In case approved building plan is different from the one submitted for seeking EC then this EC will stand null and void.
- 16. In compliance to Hon'ble Supreme Court order dated 13/01/2020 in IA no. 158128/2019 and 158129/2019 in Writ petition no. 13029/1985 (MC Mehta Vs GOI and others) anti-smog guns shall be installed to reduce dust during excavation.
- 17. DG sets shall be gas based and Guidelines issued by CAAQMS for NCR region regarding the use of DG sets during construction and operational phase should be followed.
- 18. Project proponent is advised to explore the possibility and getting the cement in a closed container rather through the plastic bag to prevent dust emissions at the time of loading/unloading.
- 19. Project proponent should ensure that there will be no use of "Single use of Plastic" (SUP).
- 20. In compliance to Hon'ble Supreme Court order dated 13/01/2020 in IA no. 158128/2019 and 158129/2019 in Writ petition no. 13029/1985 (MC Mehta Vs. Gol and others) anti-smog guns shall be installed to reduce dust during excavation.
- 21. The proponent should provide the sufficient electric vehicle charging points as per the requirements at ground level and allocate the safe and suitable place in the premises for the same.
- 22. The project proponent should develop green belt in the housing scheme as per the plan submitted and also follow the guidelines of CPCB/Development authority for green belt as per the norms. The project proponent will prepare working plan of plantation/green belt development showing type of plant species and their spacing in consultation with subject expert/ forest department and submit to the forest department and concerned regulatory authority and ensure their survival and sustainability
- 23. Project proponent shou<mark>ld invest the CSR amount as per the proposal and submit the compliance report regularly to the concerned authority/Directorate of environment.</mark>
- 24. Proponent shall provide the dual pipeline network in the project for utilization of treated water of STP for different purposes and also provide the monitoring mechanism for the same. STP treated water not to be discharged outside the premises without the permission of the concerned authority.
- 25. The project proponent will ensure full exploitation of potential of rain water harvesting for storage and recharging and also treated wastewater in order to reduce the withdrawal of fresh water and accordingly use the three sources of water supply namely stored rain water, treated wastewater and the fresh water. The project proponent shall also provide a flow measuring device along with flow integrator for monitoring the various sources of water supply namely fresh water, treated waste water and stored harvested rain water.
- 26. The project proponent will ensure the quality of construction water as per standards and specifications of relevant codes in order to prevent possible corrosion in concrete, reinforcements and other structural components in order to avoid adverse social and environmental impacts.
- 27. The project proponent will ensure exploitation of maximum possible potential of solar energy generation in the proposed project area and prefer to use it instead of conventional electricity in order to reduce the Green House Gas Emission causing climate change.
- 28. The project proponent will make necessary arrangement to get Structural auditing conducted by an expert institution once in 5 years during life span of the building to ensure safe life of the residents and prevent environmental and social hazards.

Standard Environmental Clearance Conditions prescribed by MoEF&CC:

1. Statutory compliance:

- 1. The project proponent shall obtain all necessary clearance/ permission from all relevant agencies including town planning authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building byelaws.
- 2. The approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for structural safety of buildings due to earthquakes, adequacy of firefighting equipment etc as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightning etc.
- 3. The project proponent shall obtain forest clearance under the provisions of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1986, in case of the diversion of forest land for non-forest purpose involved in the project.
- 4. The project proponent shall obtain clearance from the National Board for Wildlife, if applicable.
- 5. The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish / Operate under the provisions of Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 from the concerned State Pollution Control Board/ Committee.
- 6. The project proponent shall obtain the necessary permission for drawl of ground water / surface water required for the project from the competent authority.
- 7. A certificate of adequacy of available power from the agency supplying power to the project along with the load allowed for the project should be obtained.
- 8. All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, Civil Aviation Department shall be obtained, as applicable, by project proponents from the respective competent authorities.
- 9. The provisions of the Solid Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, e-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, and the Plastics Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 shall be followed.
- 10. The project proponent shall follow the ECBC/ECBC-R prescribed by Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Ministry of Power strictly.
- 2. Air quality monitoring and preservation:
 - 1. Notification GSR 94(E) dated 25.01.2018 of MoEF&CC regarding Mandatory Implementation of Dust Mitigation Measures for Construction and Demolition Activities for projects requiring Environmental Clearance shall be complied with.
 - 2. A management plan shall be drawn up and implemented to contain the current exceedance in ambient air quality at the site.
 - 3. The project proponent shall install system to carryout Ambient Air Quality monitoring for common/criterion parameters relevant to the main pollutants released (e.g. PM10 and PM25) covering upwind and downwind directions during the construction period.
 - 4. Construction site shall be adequately barricaded before the construction begins. Dust, smoke & other air pollution prevention measures shall be provided for the building as well as the site. These measures shall include screens for the building under construction, continuous dust/ wind breaking walls all around the site (at least 3 meter height). Plastic/tarpaulin sheet covers shall be provided for vehicles bringing in sand, cement, murram and other construction materials prone to causing dust pollution at the site as well as taking out debris from the site.
 - 5. Sand, murram, loose soil, cement, stored on site shall be covered adequately so as to prevent dust pollution.
 - 6. Wet jet shall be provided for grinding and stone cutting.
 - 7. Unpaved surfaces and loose soil shall be adequately sprinkled with water to suppress dust.
 - 8. All construction and demolition debris shall be stored at the site (and not dumped on the roads or open spaces outside) before they are properly disposed. All demolition and construction waste shall be managed as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Rules 2016.

- 9. The diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase shall be low sulphur diesel type and shall conform to Environmental (Protection) prescribed for air and noise mission standards.
- 10. The gaseous emissions from DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate the noise pollution. The location of the DG set and exhaust pipe height shall be as per the provisions of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) norms.
- 11. For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.
- 3. Water quality monitoring and preservation:
 - 1. The natural drain system should be maintained for ensuring unrestricted flow of water. No construction shall be allowed to obstruct the natural drainage through the site, on wetland and water bodies. Check dams, bio-swales, landscape, and other sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) are allowed for maintaining the drainage pattern and to harvest rain water.
 - 2. Buildings shall be designed to follow the natural topography as much as possible. Minimum cutting and filling should be done.
 - 3. Total fresh water use shall not exceed the proposed requirement as provided in the project details.
 - 4. The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.
 - 5. A certificate shall be obtained from the local body supplying water, specifying the total annual water availability with the local authority, the quantity of water already committed, the quantity of water allotted to the project under consideration and the balance water available. This should be specified separately for ground water and surface water sources, ensuring that there is no impact on other users.
 - 6. At least 20% of the open spaces as required by the local building bye-laws shall be pervious. Use of Grass pavers, paver blocks with at least 50% opening, landscape etc. would be considered as pervious surface.
 - 7. Installation of dual pipe plumbing for supplying fresh water for drinking, cooking and bathing etc and other for supply of recycled water for flushing, landscape irrigation car washing, thermal cooling, conditioning etc. shall be done.
 - 8. Use of water saving devices/ fixtures (viz. low flow flushing systems; use of low flow faucets tap aerators etc) for water conservation shall be incorporated in the building plan.
 - 9. Use of water saving devices/ fixtures (viz. low flow flushing systems; use of low flow faucets tap aerators etc) for water conservation shall be incorporated in the building plan.
 - 10. Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.
 - 11. The local bye-law provisions on rain water harvesting should be followed. If local byelaw provision is not available, adequate provision for storage and recharge should be followed as per the Ministry of Urban Development Model Building Byelaws, 2016. Rain water harvesting recharge pits/storage tanks shall be provided for ground water recharging as per the CGWB norms.
 - 12. A rain water harvesting plan needs to be designed where the recharge bores of minimum one recharge bore per 5,000 square meters of built up area and storage capacity of minimum one day of total fresh water requirement shall be provided. In areas where ground water recharge is not feasible, the rain water should be harvested and stored for reuse. The ground water shall not be withdrawn without approval from the Competent Authority.
 - 13. All recharge should be limited to shallow aquifer.
 - 14. No ground water shall be used during construction phase of the project.

- 15. Any ground water dewatering should be properly managed and shall conform to the a approvals and the guidelines of the CGWA in the matter. Formal approval shall be taken from the CGWA for any ground water abstraction or dewatering.
- 16. The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.
- 17. Sewage shall be treated in the STP with tertiary treatment. The treated effluent from STP shall be recycled/re-used for flushing, AC make up water and gardening. As proposed, not related water shall be disposed in to municipal drain.
- 18. No sewage or untreated effluent water would be discharged through storm water drains.
- 19. Onsite sewage treatment of capacity of treating 100% waste water to be installed. The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) shall be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Ministry before the project is commissioned for operation. Treated waste water shall be reused on site for landscape, flushing, cooling tower, and other end-uses. Excess treated water shall be discharged as per statutory norms notified by Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change. Natural treatment systems shall be promoted.
- 20. Periodical monitoring of water quality of treated sewage shall be conducted. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odor problem from STP.
- 21. Sludge from the onsite sewage treatment, including septic tanks, shall be collected, conveyed and disposed as per the Ministry of Urban Development, Centre Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO) Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013.

4. Noise monitoring and prevention:

- 1. Ambient noise levels shall conform to residential area/commercial area/industrial area/silence zone both during day and night as per Noise Pollution (Control and Regulation) Rules, 2000. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality shall be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures shall be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB / SPCB.
- 2. Noise level survey shall be carried as per the prescribed guidelines and report in this regard shall be submitted to Regional Officer of the Ministry as a part of six-monthly compliance report.
- 3. Acoustic enclosures for DG sets, noise barriers for ground-run bays, ear plugs for operating personnel shall be implemented as mitigation measures for noise impact due to ground sources.

5. Energy Conservation measures:

- 1. Compliance with the Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC) of Bureau of Energy Efficiency shall be ensured. Buildings in the States which have notified their own ECBC, shall comply with the State ECBC.
- 2. Outdoor and common area lighting shall be LED.
- 3. Concept of passive solar design that minimize energy consumption in buildings by using design elements, such as building orientation, landscaping, efficient building envelope, appropriate fenestration, increased day lighting design and thermal mass etc. shall be incorporated in the building design. Wall, window, and roof u-values shall be as per ECBC specifications.
- 4. Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs/ LED for the lighting the area outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning.

- 5. Solar, wind or other Renewable Energy shall be installed to meet electricity generation equivalent to 1% of the demand load or as per the state level/ local building bye-laws requirement, whichever is higher.
- 6. Solar power shall be used for lighting in the apartment to reduce the power load on grid. Separate electric meter shall be installed for solar power. Solar water heating shall be provided to meet 20% of the hot water demand of the commercial and institutional building or as per the requirement of the local building bye-laws, whichever is higher. Residential buildings are also recommended to meet its hot water demand from solar water heaters, as far as possible.

6. Waste Management:

- 1. A certificate from the competent authority handling municipal solid wastes, indicating the existing civic capacities of handling and their adequacy to cater to the M.S.W. generated from project shall be obtained.
- 2. Disposal of muck during construction phase shall not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
- 3. Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at the ground level for facilitating segregation of waste. Solid waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials.
- 4. Organic waste compost/ Vermiculture pit/ Organic Waste Converter within the premises with a minimum capacity of 0.3 kg /person/day must be installed.
- 5. All non-biodegradable waste shall be handed over to authorized recyclers for which a written tie up must be done with the authorized recyclers.
- 6. Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase, shall be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the State Pollution Control Board.
- 7. Use of environment friendly materials in bricks, blocks and other construction materials, shall be required for at least 20% of the construction material quantity. These include Fly Ash bricks, hollow bricks, AACs, Fly Ash Lime Gypsum blocks, Compressed earth blocks, and other environment friendly materials.
- 8. Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provision of Fly Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003 and 25th January, 2016. Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction.
- 9. Any wastes from construction and demolition activities related thereto shall be managed so as to strictly conform to the Construction and Demolition Rules, 2016.
- 10. Used CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/ rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination.

7. Green Cover:

- 1. No tree can be felled/transplant unless exigencies demand. Where absolutely necessary, tree felling shall be with prior permission from the concerned regulatory authority. Old trees should be retained based on girth and age regulations as may be prescribed by the Forest Department. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted).
- 2. A minimum of 1 tree for every 80 sqm of land should be planted and maintained. The existing trees will be counted for this purpose. The landscape planning should include plantation of native species. The species with heavy foliage, broad leaves and wide canopy cover are desirable. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping.
- 3. Where the trees need to be cut with prior permission from the concerned local Authority, compensatory plantation in the ratio of 1:10 (i.e. planting of 10 trees for every 1 tree that is cut) shall be done and maintained. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species

- (planted). Area for green belt development shall be provided as per the details provided in the project document.
- 4. Topsoil should be stripped to a depth of 20 cm from the areas proposed for buildings, roads, paved areas, and external services. It should be stockpiled appropriately in designated areas and reapplied during plantation of the proposed vegetation on site.

8. Transport:

- 1. A comprehensive mobility plan, as per MoUD best practices guidelines (URDPFI), shall be prepared to include motorized, non-motorized, public, and private networks. Road should be designed with due consideration for environment, and safety of users. The road system can be designed with these basic criteria.
 - a. Hierarchy of roads with proper segregation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
 - b. Traffic calming measures.
 - c. Proper design of entry and exit points.
 - d. Parking norms as per local regulation.
- 2. Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards be operated only during non-peak hours.
- 3. A detailed traffic management and traffic decongestion plan shall be drawn up to ensure that the current level of service of the roads within a 05 kms radius of the project is maintained and improved upon after the implementation of the project. This plan should be based on cumulative impact of all development and increased habitation being carried out or proposed to be carried out by the project or other agencies in this 05 Kms radius of the site in different scenarios of space and time and the traffic management plan shall be duly validated and certified by the State Urban Development department and the P.W.D./ competent authority for road augmentation and shall also have their consent to the implementation of components of the plan which involve the participation of these departments.

9. Human health issues:

- 1. All workers working at the construction site and involved in loading, unloading, carriage of construction material and construction debris or working in any area with dust pollution shall be provided with dust mask.
- 2. For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.
- 3. Emergency preparedness plan based on the Hazard identification and Risk Assessment (HIRA) and Disaster Management Plan shall be implemented.
- 4. Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
- 5. Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis.
- 6. A First Aid Room shall be provided in the project both during construction and operations of the project.

10. Corporate Environment Responsibility:

- 1. The project proponent shall comply with the provisions contained in this Ministry's OM vide F.No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 1st May 2018, as applicable, regarding Corporate Environment Responsibility.
- 2. The company shall have a well laid down environmental policy duly approved by the Board of Directors. The environmental policy should prescribe for standard operating procedures to have proper checks and balances and to bring into focus any infringements/deviation/violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions. The company shall have defined system of reporting infringements / deviation / violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions and / or shareholders / stake holders.

- The copy of the board resolution in this regard shall be submitted to the MoEF&CC as a part of six-monthly report.
- 3. A separate Environmental Cell both at the project and company head quarter level, with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of senior Executive, who will directly to the head of the organization.
- 4. Action plan for implementing EMP and environmental conditions along with responsibility matrix of the company shall be prepared and shall be duly approved by competent authority. The year wise funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate account and not to be diverted for any other purpose. Year wise progress of implementation of action plan shall be reported to the Ministry/Regional Office along with the Six Monthly Compliance Report.

11. Miscellaneous:

- 1. The project proponent shall prominently advertise it at least in two local newspapers of the District or State, of which one shall be in the vernacular language within seven days indicating that the project has been accorded environment clearance and the details of MoEFCC/SEIAA website where it is displayed.
- 2. The copies of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the project proponents to the Heads of local bodies, Panchayats and Municipal Bodies in addition to the relevant offices of the Government who in turn has to display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.
- 3. The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and update the same on half-yearly basis.
- 4. The project proponent shall submit six-monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated environmental conditions on the website of the ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at environment clearance portal.
- 5. The project proponent shall submit the environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently and put on the website of the company.
- 6. The project proponent shall inform the Regional Office as well as the Ministry, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities, commencing the land development work and start of production operation by the project.
- 7. The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the State Pollution Control Board and the State Government.
- 8. The project proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations made in the EIA/EMP report, commitment made during Public Hearing and also that during their presentation to the Expert Appraisal Committee.
- 9. No further expansion or modifications in the plant shall be carried out without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEF&CC).
- 10. Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data may result in revocation of this environmental clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
- 11. The Ministry may revoke or suspend the clearance, if implementation of any of the above conditions is not satisfactory.
- 12. The Ministry reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions if found necessary. The Company in a time bound manner shall implement these conditions.
- 13. The Regional Office of this Ministry shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer (s) of the Regional Office by furnishing the requisite data / information/monitoring reports.
- 14. The above conditions shall be enforced, inter-alia under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act,

1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their amendments and Rules and any other orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India / High Courts and any other Court of Law relating to the subject matter.

15. Any appeal against this EC shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.

Concealing factual data and information or submission of false/fabricated data and failure to comply with any of the conditions stipulated in the Prior Environmental Clearance attract action under the provision of Environmental (Protection) Act, 1986.

This Environmental Clearance is subject to ownership of the site by the project proponents in confirmation with approved Master Plan for Gautam Buddha Nagar In case of violation; it would not be effective and would automatically be stand cancelled.

The project proponent has to ensure that the proposed site in not a part of any nodevelopment zone as required/prescribed/identified under law. In case of the violation this permission shall automatically deemed to be cancelled. Also, in the event of any dispute on ownership or land use of the proposed site, this Clearance shall automatically deemed to be cancelled.

Further project proponent has to submit the regular 6 monthly compliance report regarding general & specific conditions as specified in the E.C. letter and comply the provision of EIA notification 2006 (as Amended).

These stipulations would be enforced among others under the provisions of Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the Public Liability (Insurance) Act, 1991 and EIA Notification, 2006 including the amendments and rules made thereafter.

Copy, through email, for information and necessary action to -

- 1. Additional Chief Secretary, Department of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Government of Uttar Pradesh, Lucknow (email psforest2015@gmail.com)
- 2. Joint Secretary, Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Government of India, 3rd Floor, Prithvi-Block, Indira Paryavaran Bhawan, Jor Bagh Road, New Delhi-110003 (email sudheer.ch@gov.in)
- 3. Deputy Director General of Forests (C), Integ rated Regional Office, Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Kendriya Bhawan, 5th Floor, Sector "H", Aliganj, Lucknow 226020 (email rocz.lko-mef@nic.in)
- 4. District Magistrate, Gautam Buddha Nagar.
- 5. Member Secretary, Uttar Pradesh Pollution Control Board, TC-12V, Paryavaran Bhawan, Vibhuti Khand, Gomti Nagar, Lucknow-226010 (email ms@uppcb.com)
- 6. Copy to Web Master for uploading on PARIVESH Portal.
- 7. Copy for Guard File.

(Ajay Kumar Sharma) Member Secretary, SEIAA